MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET Document No. KMP-J05051

Apr. 8. 2005

SECTION 1 - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION AND USE

Product: IML8204/150 (MH63-2738)

Aluminum Laminated Lithium-ion cell

Use: High performance lithium-ion rechargeable battery system

Manufacturer: NEC TOKIN Tochigi, Ltd.

484, Harigaya-machi, Utsunomiya-shi

Tochigi, 321-0147, Japan TEL: +81-28-655-6522 FAX: +81-28-653-2450

SECTION 2 - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS						
Hazardous Ingredients	%	CAS Number	LD ₅₀ (mg/kg) (oral-rat)	LC ₅₀ (mg/L)		
Aluminum	10-20 w/w	7429-90-5	N/AV	N/AV		
Carbon, amorphous, powder	0.1-1 w/w	7440-44-0	440 (ivn-mouse)	N/AV		
Copper foil	5-15 w/w	7440-50-8	3.5 (ipr-mouse)	N/AV		
Diethyl Carbonate (DEC)	1-10 w/w	105-58-8	8500	N/AV		
Ethylene Carbonate (EC)	1-10 w/w	96-49-1	10000	N/AV		
Methyl Ethyl Carbonate (MEC)	1-10 w/w	623-53-0	>5000	N/AV		
Lithium Hexaflurophosphate (LiPF ₆)	1-5 w/w	21324-40-3	1702	Rat: >20		
Graphite, powder	10-30 w/w	7782-42-5	N/AV	N/AV		
Lithium Manganese Oxide (LiMn ₂ O ₄)	25-35 w/w	12057-17-9	5000	N/AV		
Lithium Nickel Oxide (LiNiO ₂)	5-20 w/w	12031-65-1	N/AV	N/AV		
Poly (vinylidene fluoride) (PVDF)	0.5-2 w/w	24937-79-9	N/AV	N/AV		
Nickel and inert polymer	Balance	N/APP	N/APP	N/APP		

	S	ECT	ION 3 - PHYSI	CAL DAT	A	
Physical state:	Odo	ur:	Odour threshold:	Vapor press	ure (mmHg)	Vapor Density (air =
Aluminum Laminate	ed Nor	10	N/APP		\PP	1)
film	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	ic	IN/ALL	1 4,7		N/APP
Evaporation rate:	Boilir	Boiling Point:		Freezing point:		PH (10% in water):
N/APP		N/APP		N/A	\PP	N/APP
Specific gravity:	Coef	f. of wa	ater/oil distribution:	Water solubi	lity:	Percent Volatiles:
1.5 – 2.0		N/APP		inso	luble	NONE
	SECTIO	N 4	- FIRE AND EX	XPLOSIO	N DATA	
Flammability	Conditions:					
	•	•	onents will burn use evolution of h			Combustion of cell
Means of Extinction and s	pecial Proced	dures:	use evolution or i	iyurogerri	idonae.	
Water spray, Carbo appropriate for surro Wear self-contained skin and eyes. Ex of cell contents.	ounding m d breathin	ateria g ap orrosi	als. paratus and pro ive Hydrogen fluc	tective clot	hing to pros	event contact with I upon combustion
Flashpoint:				mable Limit:		
NONE			NONE			NONE
Auto-Ignition Temp.:	Hazar	dous C	Combustion Products:			
NONE	Carb	Hydrogen Fluoride, Phosphorous Oxides, Carbon Monoxide, Carbon Dioxide, Lithium Hydroxide, Manganese Dioxide, Aluminum Oxide, possible fluoro-compounds, Carbon soot				
Impact sensitive:		Static discharge Sensitive:				
NO	NO,	NO, but cell may contain up to 4.2 volts.				
	SE	СТІС	ON 5 - REACT	IVITY DA	ΓA	
Stability: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.						
STABLE Spontaneous decomposition at normal temperatures will not occur.						
Incompatibilities:						
Do not crush, pun aluminum casing slo					eat over	125 'C. Steel o
Reactivities: None known						
Hazardous Decomposition	n Products:					
Hydrogen Fluoride, Dioxide, Nickel Oxid soot						



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Document No. KMP-J05051

	SECTION 6 - TO	OXICOLO	GICAL PROPE	RTIES		
Routes of Entry:						
Skin Contact: NO S	kin Absorption: NO E	ye contact: N	O Inhalation: NO	Ingestion: NO		
Acute Exposure						
Skin:	No effect notice	ced in routi	ne handling of pr	oduct.		
Eyes:	The bulk solid	has no eff	ect on the eye.			
Inhalation:	Not applicable	Not applicable.				
Ingestion:	Ingestion is no	Ingestion is not likely, given the physical size and state of the cell.				
Chronic Exposure	-					
Skin:	Not anticipate	d.				
Eyes:	Not applicable.					
Inhalation:	Not applicable.					
Ingestion:			xposure route.			
Exposure Limits:	Irritancy:		ensitization:	Carainaganiaitu		
·				Carcinogenicity:		
None listed	None	N	ot anticipated	Not anticipated		
Teratogenicity:	Mutagenicity:	R	eproductive toxicity:	Synergistic Products:		
Not anticipated	Not anticipate	d N	ot anticipated	None expected		
	-	'		- 1		
	SECTION 7 -	PREVEN	TIVE MEASUR	RES		
Personal protective equ	uipment:					
Gloves:						
Not required for handling.	handling individu	al cells.	Fabric gloves f	or warehouse containe		
Respirator:						
No respirator requ	uired for normal hai	ndlina. S0	CBA required for	fires.		

Not required beyond employer policy.

Wear steel toed footwear if large containers of cells are being handled.

Engineering controls:

Keep away from heat and open flames. Store in a cool, dry place.



Leak and spill procedure:

Evacuate area if fire present or likely. Wear SCBA for fire-related emergencies. Using gloves, pick up or sweep up fire-damaged cells, bag individually in plastic bags and place in closed metal containers. 205 Litre lined steel drums are appropriate. Cardboard boxes may be used for small quantities. Avoid raising dust while sweeping. Transport container outdoors. Hold burned cells and fire cleanup solids for disposal as potential hazardous waste. Unburned cells are not hazardous waste. A fire with over 100kg of cells bunt will likely require reporting to environment officials. Always consult and obey all international, federal and local environmental laws.

Waste disposal:

Always consult and obey all international, federal, provincial/state and local hazardous waste disposal laws. Some jurisdictions require recycling of this spent product.

Handling procedures and equipment:

Store in a cool, dry place away from sparks and flame. Keep below 125'C. Keep above -60°C. Charge between 0°C and 45°C. Use only approved charging equipment. Do not disassemble battery or battery pack. Do not puncture, crush or dispose of in fire. Storage requirements:

Sore at room temperature for best results.

Special	Shipping	Information:
---------	----------	--------------

(Canada)-T.D.G.	P.I.N.:	Pending	Class:		P.G.:
(USA)-D.O.T.	P.I.N.:	Not Regulated	Class:	N/R	P.G.: N/R
(Air)-Í.C.A.O.	P.I.N.:	Not Regulated	Class:	N/R	P.G.: N/R
(Water)-I.M.O.	P.I.N.:	Pending	Class:		P.G.:

SECTION 8 - FIRST AID MEASURES

Skin:	Not a health hazard
Eyes:	Not an eye hazard
Inhalation:	Not an inhalation hazard
Ingestion:	If swallowed, seek emergency medical aid. If patient choking and can partially breathe, encourage patient to cough. Do not strike patient's back. This may lodge cell further in throat. If patient is not breathing, perform standing Heimlich manoever until object is dislodged or patient becomes unconscious. An unconscious patient should be lowered gently to the floor on their back and abdominal thrusts performed continuously until cell is ejected from throat or medical aid arrives.

SECTION 9 - Disposal Consideration

Do not disassemble or modify the cell.

When the battery is throws away, be sure it is non-conducting by applying vinyl type to (+) and (-) terminals, and thrown away it in the method following the law of each countries.



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Document No. KMP-J05051

SECTION 10 - Transport Information

There are some laws and regulations for transportation. Please follow the law or regulation of each countries.

SECTION 11 - Regulatory Information

- 1) IATA (International Air Transport Association): Dangerous Goods Regulations 46th Edition, Effective 1 January 2005
- 2) ICAO (International Civil Aviation Organization): Technical Instructions for Safety Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air 2003-2004 Edition (to be published)
- 3) IMO (International Maritime Organization): International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG) Code
- 4) Others laws or regulations of each countries.

SECTION 12 - PREPARATION INFORMATION

Prepared by:	Phone:	Date Created:	Date Last revised:	
Y. Hirota	+81-28-655-6522	Feb. 28. 2005	Feb. 28. 2005	
Approved by: Y. Yamamoto Inspected by: J. Tabuchi				

Other information

The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. Exact composition information is immediately available on a confidential bases to medical professionals treating exposure to cell components or combustion byproducts.

HYDROFLUORIC ACID EXPOSURE DURING FIRE FIGHTING

This information is given for the use of professional fire fighters responding to a warehouse fire where fire from other materials may incinerate cells. This section is provided solely in case of exposure, during fire fighting, to the combustion byproducts. Hydrofluoric acid is not present in the product. Contact with cells causes none of the following symptoms.

Hydrofluoric acid is extremely corrosive. Contact with hydrogen fluoride fumes is to be avoided. Permissible exposure limit is 3 ppm. In case of contact with hydrogen fluoride fumes, immediately leave the area and seek first aid and emergency medical attention. Symptoms may have delayed onset. Fluoride ions penetrate skin readily causing destruction of deep tissue layers and even bone. Fluoride interferes with nerve impulse conduction causing severe pain or absence of sensations. Immediately flush eyes or skin with water for at least 20 minutes to neutralize the acidity and remove some fluoride. Remove and destroy all contaminated clothing and permeable personal possessions. Before re-use, impermeable possessions should be soaked in benzalokonium chloride after water washing. Following flushing of the affected areas, an iced aqueous solution of benzalkonium chloride or 2.5% calcium gluconate gel should be applied to react with the fluoride ion. Compresses and wraps may be used for areas where immersion is not practical. Medicated dressing should be changed every 2 minutes. Exposure to hydrofluoric acid fumes sufficient to cause pain requires immediate hospitalization for monitoring for pulmonary edema.

